# Modelling Information for Non-Registered Generators

January 2022

#### Purpose

Certain entities are exempt from the requirement to register with *AEMO* as a *Generator* in order to *connect* an *embedded generating system* to *Ergon Energy's* or *Energex's distribution system*. This means that they are not directly subject to the requirement to provide *Ergon Energy* or *Energex* with modelling information under *AEMO's Power System Model Guidelines*.

**IETWOR** 

Part of Energy Queensland

However, as *Ergon Energy* and *Energex* have obligations under the *NER* to maintain the security and stability of its *distribution system* and the broader *power system*, it frequently needs certain modelling information in order to assess the effect of connecting the *embedded generating system* to its *distribution network*.

This fact sheet is intended to clarify, for *Non-Registered Embedded Generators*, what modelling information may be required to be provided to *us*.

# Modelling requirements based on class of generating system

Ergon Energy and Energex's "Standard for High Voltage EG Connections" (document reference STNW1175) classifies *generating systems* into a number of different classes depending on their *nameplate capacity*. This is shown below.

Generation Capacity <sup>1</sup>	Short Circuit Ratio	Connection Category	Default NER Process
≤ 1.5 MVA	All	Class A1	Chapter 5A of the NER
> 1.5 MVA but < 5 MVA	> 5	Class A2 <sup>23</sup>	Chapter 5A of the NER
> 1.5 MVA but < 5 MVA	≤ 5	Class B	Chapter 5A of the NER
≥ 5 MVA	All	Class B	Chapter 5 of the NER

The relevant modelling requirements for a *generating system* depend upon the particular classification of the *generating system*, as shown below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Generation capacity is the combined nameplate maximum continuous AC rating of the EG system irrespective of any export control limitation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rotating machine *embedded generating* systems over 1.5 MVA and under 5 MVA shall be categorised as Class A2 regardless of the *short circuit ratio*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> *Embedded generating systems* comprising of LV Inverters not complying to AS/NZS 4777.2 shall be assessed as Class B EG Systems.

Generation Capacity	Connection Type	Modelling Requirement
Class A1, ≤ 1.5 MVA	Chapter 5A of the NER	PSCAD <sup>™</sup> /EMTDC <sup>™</sup> model generally not required.
Class A2 > 1.5 MVA but < 5 MVA	Chapter 5A of the NER	Site-specific <i>PSCAD™/EMTDC™</i> model required. <sup>45</sup>
Class B, > 1.5 MVA but < 5 MVA	Chapter 5A of the NER	Site-specific tuned <i>PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup></i> model required to be provided by the Proponent.
Class B, ≥ 5 MVA	Chapter 5 of the NER	Site-specific tuned <i>PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup></i> model required to be provided by the Proponent.

This Fact Sheet deals with:

- Class A2 systems; and
- those Class B systems that are < 5 MVA.

### **Requirements for Class A2 generating systems**

For a Class A2 generating system, you will need to give us a pre-validated and current electromagnetic transient-type simulation model that is compatible with version 5 of  $PSCAD^{TM}/EMTDC^{TM}$  and compiled with Intel OneAPI Fortran Compiler: Classic 2021.x (32-bit & 64-bit). Models shall be delivered in a format that allows for maintenance for life of asset. (e.g. .dll, support files).

You must also ensure that we are given a *releasable user guide* for the *PSCAD*<sup>TM</sup>/*EMTDC*<sup>TM</sup> model, which should incorporate details on how to use the *PSCAD*<sup>TM</sup>/*EMTDC*<sup>TM</sup> model. This *releasable user guide* must contain sufficient information to allow entities with no prior knowledge of the particular *embedded generating system* to perform system studies.

The modelling parameters must be consistent with the releasable user guide.

This simulation model must:

- a) fully and accurately represent the particular embedded generating system, that is, it must:
  - i. be based on data specific to the particular manufacturer, make and model of the *embedded generating system*;
  - ii. incorporate *OEM*-specific simulation models where available (which may be black-box encrypted simulation models);

This Fact Sheet is intended as a guideline only to assist prospective Generators in liaising with **Ergon** Energy or Energex. Prospective Generators should confirm the currency of this **Fact Sheet**. This Fact Sheet is not a replacement for Professional Advice.



Part of Energy Queensland

NETWORK

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Synchronous Rotating Machines are exempt from this requirement, and instead shall supply model block diagrams of the control system with all settings

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The EMT Model shall be supplied with supporting documentation including site-specific seture

- iii. incorporate the particular auxiliary or supporting electrical equipment (including *instrument transformers* and any power plant controllers) that will be installed (as opposed to generic data or assumptions);
- iv. reflect the particular physical arrangement of the *embedded generating system* and its connection to our *distribution system*;
- v. include the *inverter* and power plant control systems complete with the controller block diagrams (so as to explain the operation of the model without compromising the model veracity); and
- vi. include the settings which are to be implemented on site (note that where any conversions are required between the actual *generating system* parameters and those implemented in the model, a mapping table of those conversions should also be provided);
- b) be based on (as appropriate), the most recent preliminary design and, once commissioned, include any applicable updates;
- c) be capable of reflecting the actual performance of the *embedded generating system* under all expected or potential operating conditions;
- d) be suitable for us to assess the impact of connecting the embedded generating system to our distribution system at the connection point (including, without limitation, relevant security and stability impacts and to prove control system performance at low distribution system short circuit ratios), without compromising the veracity of those simulation models; and
- e) meet the modelling requirements detailed in AEMO's Power System Model Guidelines.

#### **Requirements for Class B generating systems**

For a Class B generating system that is less than 5 MVA, you will need to give us a pre-validated and current electromagnetic transient-type simulation model that is compatible with version 5 of *PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup>* and compiled with Intel OneAPI Fortran Compiler: Classic 2021.x (32-bit & 64-bit). Models shall be delivered in a format that allows for maintenance for life of asset. (e.g. .dll, support files).

You must also ensure that we are given a releasable user guide for the PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup> model, which should incorporate details on how to use the PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup> model. This releasable user guide must contain sufficient information to allow entities with no prior knowledge of the particular embedded generating system to perform system studies.

The modelling parameters must be consistent with the releasable user guide.

This simulation model must:

- a) fully and accurately represent the particular embedded generating system, that is, it must:
  - i. be based on data specific to the particular manufacturer, make and model of the *embedded* generating system;

This Fact Sheet is intended as a guideline only to assist prospective Generators in liaising with Ergon Energy or Energex. Prospective Generators should confirm the currency of this Fact Sheet. This Fact Sheet is not a replacement for Professional Advice.



- ii. incorporate *OEM*-specific simulation models where available (which may be black-box encrypted simulation models);
- iii. incorporate the particular auxiliary or supporting electrical equipment (including *instrument transformers* and any power plant controllers) that will be installed (as opposed to generic data or assumptions);
- iv. reflect the particular physical arrangement of the *embedded generating system* and its connection to our distribution system;
- v. be appropriately tuned for the minimum short circuit ratio expected at the site;
- vi. include the *inverter* and power plant control systems complete with the controller block diagrams (so as to explain the operation of the model without compromising the model veracity); and
- vii. include the settings which are to be implemented on site (note that where any conversions are required between the actual *generating system* parameters and those implemented in the model, a mapping table of those conversions should also be provided);
- b) be based on (as appropriate), the most recent preliminary design and, once commissioned, include any applicable updates;
- c) be capable of reflecting the actual performance of the *embedded generating system* under all expected or potential operating conditions;
- d) be suitable for us to assess the impact of connecting the embedded generating system to our distribution system at the connection point (including, without limitation, relevant security and stability impacts and to prove control system performance at low distribution system short circuit ratios), without compromising the veracity of those simulation models; and
- e) meet the modelling requirements detailed in AEMO's Power System Model Guidelines.

## **Certifications**

We also require you and the OEM to certify:

- a) that the PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup> simulation models are valid for the embedded generating system;
- b) the minimum fault level (synchronous and sub-transient) and *short circuit ratio* at which the *embedded generating system* can reliably operate, and what margins of operation are recommended; and
- c) whether the *embedded generating system* is capable of operating down to a minimum *short circuit ratio* of 3.0 at the *connection point*.

#### **Measurement results**



This Fact Sheet is intended as a guideline only to assist prospective Generators in liaising with **Ergon** Energy or Energex. Prospective Generators should confirm the currency of this **Fact Sheet**. This Fact Sheet is not a replacement for Professional Advice.

For a Class B *generating system*, we may also ask *you* to give *us* measurement results (from an equivalent facility and plant performance from other installations with similar network fault level and *X/R ratio* characteristics, laboratory tests, *HiL*, etc.) confirming:

- a) the validity of the PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup> simulation model vs the HiL simulation model; and
- b) where no other equivalent installation or laboratory test measurement results are available to assess system performance at the proposed fault levels, *X/R ratio* and *system strength* characteristics experienced in the relevant part of the *distribution system*, then *HiL* testing must be undertaken.

These tests must, where requested by *us* or any other relevant *Network Service Provider*, include the following:

- a) **(test set 1)** three phase, two phase to ground and phase to ground faults close to the *connection point* simulated with a low fault impedance (approx. 5 ohms) and clearing time of 430 ms;
- b) **(test set 2)** three phase, two phase to ground and phase to ground faults close to the *connection point* simulated with a high fault impedance (approx. 50 ohms) and clearing time of 430 ms;
- c) undertaking test sets 1-2 at P<sub>max</sub> and P<sub>min</sub> respectively and Q<sub>max</sub> (lagging) and Q<sub>min</sub> (leading) respectively;
- d) a check of the response by changing P<sub>ref</sub> from approximately 10-20% to approximately 80-90%;
- e) a check of the response by changing  $V_{ref}$  by ±5% at  $P_{max}$  and  $P_{min}$  respectively;
- f) a check of the high voltage ride through (HVRT) response as per S5.2.5.4 of the NER for Q<sub>max</sub> (lagging) and Q<sub>min</sub> (leading) at 100% P<sub>max</sub>;
- g) injection of different rates of change of *frequency* or angle jump to assess the phase lock loop sensitivity (±4 Hz/sec. for 0.25 s, ±1 Hz/s for the remainder of the time until the *frequency* reaches 52 Hz or 47 Hz); and
- h) testing to demonstrate the capability of the *embedded generating system* to remain *connected* in accordance with S5.2.5.6 of the *NER* (that is, during times when the harmonic *voltage* distortion, *voltage* fluctuation and *voltage* unbalance conditions reach levels specified by the compatibility levels in S5.1a.5, S5.1a.6 and S5.1a.7 of the *NER*.

# **Further Information<sup>6</sup>**

The following reference documents may provide additional helpful information:

- STNW1175 Standard for High Voltage EG Connections
- Under 5MVA Application Checklist Class A2

This Fact Sheet is intended as a guideline only to assist prospective Generators in liaising with **Ergon** Energy or Energex. Prospective Generators should confirm the currency of this **Fact Sheet**. This Fact Sheet is not a replacement for Professional Advice.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The documents referenced in this section can be found by searching STNW1175, checklist class A2, or checklist class B at <u>https://www.ergon.com.au</u> or <u>https://www.energex.com.au</u>

Under 5MVA Application Checklist Class B

Prospective *Non-Registered Embedded Generators* may contact their *Project Sponsor* to obtain further specific information.

#### Glossary

Any terms that are used, but not defined, in this Fact Sheet have the meaning given to them in the NER.

AEMO or Australian Energy Market Operator: The agency responsible for the day to day management of wholesale and retail energy market operations and emergency management protocols for the NEM, on-going NEM development required to incorporate new rules, infrastructure and participants, and long-term NEM planning through demand forecasting data and scenario analysis.

asynchronous plant includes asynchronous generating units and dynamic reactive power support plant that uses phase-locked loops (for example, static VAR compensators and STATCOMs);

*connection point:* The physical point at which the *embedded generating system* will be *connected* to *Ergon Energy's* or *Energex's distribution system*;

*detailed response* means the relevant "detailed response" (as that term is defined in rule 5.3A.2(a) of the *NER*);

*distribution system:* The distribution system (as that term is defined in the NER) owned and operated by *Ergon Energy.* 

embedded generating system: The generating system to be connected to the distribution system.

*Ergon Energy:* In this Fact Sheet, refers to Ergon Energy Corporation Limited as a *Local Network Service Provider*.

Energex: In this Fact Sheet, refers to Energex Limited as a Local Network Service Provider.

*GPS Compliance Assessment and R2 Model Validation Test Plan* means *AEMO's* document entitled: "GPS Compliance Assessment and R2 Model Validation Test Plan Template for power electronic interfaced non-synchronous generation technologies", published to facilitate the processes referred to in rules 5.8.4 and S5.2.4(d) of the *NER*;

HiL means hardware-in-the-loop simulation;

*inverter* means a device that uses semiconductor devices to transfer power between a direct current (DC) source or load and an alternating current (AC) source or load;

LNSP or Local Network Service Provider: A Network Service Provider within a local geographical area, which has the relevant jurisdictional authority (such as *Ergon Energy* or *Energex*).

*NEM: National Electricity Market:* The wholesale electricity market operating in relation to the interconnected electricity network in Queensland, NSW, ACT, Tasmania, Victoria and South Australia.



This Fact Sheet is intended as a guideline only to assist prospective Generators in liaising with Ergon Energy or Energex. Prospective Generators should confirm the currency of this Fact Sheet. This Fact Sheet is not a replacement for Professional Advice.

NER: National Electricity Rules: The rules under which the National Electricity Market operates.

Network Service Provider: Has the meaning given to that term in the NER.

OEM means original equipment manufacturer;

Power System Model Guidelines: The guidelines of that name promulgated by AEMO;

*Powerlink Queensland* means Queensland Electricity Transmission Corporation Limited ABN 82 078 849 233, being the relevant *Transmission Network Service Provider*;

*Project Sponsor*. An *Ergon Energy* representative who has been allocated to the prospective *Generator* to facilitate the *connection*;

*PSCAD<sup>TM</sup>/EMTDC<sup>TM</sup>* means a software package developed by the Manitoba-HVDC Research Centre that comprises a power systems computer-aided design package which includes an electromagnetic transients (including DC) simulation engine, and which is used to carry out electromagnetic transient type studies;

*PSS®E* means Power Systems Simulator for Engineering, being a software package used to carry out root mean square studies;

*R1 data* has the meaning given to that term in S5.5.2 of the *NER* (essentially, a category of Registered data (as referred to in S5.5.2(b) of the *NER*) that encapsulates the measured performance and behaviour of an *embedded generating system* and which confirms and validates the modelled system across a range of potential study conditions and is supported by a long term monitoring program particularly for particular system fault conditions, events and fault ride through conditions);

*R2 data* has the meaning given to that term in S5.5.2 of the *NER* (essentially, a category of Registered data (as referred to in S5.5.2(a) of the *NER*) that is derived from manufacturers' data, detailed design calculations, off-site tests (i.e. other *generating system* sites), factory tests or site tests);

short circuit ratio is an analytical metric that normalises the system strength in MVA using synchronous fault levels at the connection point to the aggregate nameplate rating of any embedded generating systems;

system strength broadly refers to the stability of the distribution system and broader power system. It:

is typically measured by the available short circuit current or characterised by an analytical metric such as the *short circuit ratio* at any given location; and

relates to the size of the change in *voltage* for a change to the generation (or load) at a *connection point* (which can be affected by adjacent *asynchronous plant*).

System strength can be impacted where there is asynchronous plant in the area. Strong distribution systems exhibit better voltage control in response to small and large power system disturbances during both normal and contingency events, whilst weak distribution systems are more susceptible to voltage instability or collapse and the incorrect operation of protection systems; and

*X/R ratio* is the ratio of system inductive to resistive impedance.



This Fact Sheet is intended as a guideline only to assist prospective Generators in liaising with Ergon Energy or Energex. Prospective Generators should confirm the currency of this Fact Sheet. This Fact Sheet is not a replacement for Professional Advice.